

Annual Examinations for Secondary Schools 2022

YEAR 9 **SOCIAL STUDIES (GENERAL)**

Name: _____

Class: _____

This examination paper consists of FOUR sections (A, B, C and D). Students are requested to attempt ALL sections. Marks for each section appear between brackets or at the end of each exercise.

Section A: Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct answer.

cohesion	role	participation	problems	share
educational	local	responsibilities	being	private

1. Man needs to live in a community because he's a social _____.
2. The _____ community is that small group of people where we live and aims to bring people together to give support to each other.
3. In order for the community to function properly with the least conflict, it is important to have social _____, which means unity between the locals.
4. There are many people and groups who live in a local community who can give their _____ so that the locality can be of benefit to the residents.
5. The community is made up of different people who have social _____, for example, that of a neighbour.
6. The residents' roles require _____ from the locals for example, they need to respect the rights of others.
7. Active _____ is encouraged in community life.
8. There are various institutions within a community, including religious, _____, political and social.
9. Another institution is that of health and this includes public and _____ hospitals and clinics.
10. Often institutions work together in order to organise activities, educate locals and raise awareness on social _____.

(2 marks x 10 = 20 marks)

Section B: Answer ALL the questions by underlining the correct answer.

1. The socialisation process starts from birth and continues
 - a. till marriage
 - b. till adolescence
 - c. throughout our life
2. In order to be a good citizen, one needs to
 - a. quarrel all the time
 - b. forget what their duties are
 - c. be respectful to others
3. A citizen is
 - a. a member of a country, with duties only
 - b. a member of a country, with rights and duties
 - c. someone who comes for a holiday
4. An important role that a local, national, European and global citizen has is that of
 - a. getting books from the library
 - b. taking care of the environment
 - c. deciding to do good deeds to the locals only
5. Citizenship is obtained
 - a. by a desire to live in the country
 - b. only by paying money
 - c. by birth, registration or naturalisation
6. When persons do their work properly, they are carrying out their
 - a. rights
 - b. duties
 - c. norms
7. National identity means that we know who we are as
 - a. a nation
 - b. an individual
 - c. in our family
8. Civic sense means
 - a. we do what others want us to do
 - b. knowing what the norms and values to live in a community are
 - c. showing egoistic behaviour
9. Social control is maintained
 - a. only by the family and school
 - b. only by policemen and courts
 - c. by anyone who tries to teach us what are the values and norms
10. Positive sanctions include
 - a. punishments
 - b. rewards
 - c. pressure on our lives

(2 marks x 10 = 20 marks)

Section C: Read the passage and then answer ALL the questions that follow.

Cultural Heritage is an expression of the ways of living developed by a community and passed on from generation to generation. These include customs, practices, objects, artistic expressions and values.

Cultural heritage has been passed down to us from our parents and must be preserved for the benefit of all. In an era of globalisation, cultural heritage helps us to remember our cultural diversity, and its understanding develops mutual respect and renewed dialogue amongst different cultures.

Culture is an important part of many people's lives. It influences views, values, hopes, loyalties and the way we take action in today's society.

Adapted from: <https://papersowl.com/examples/the-importance-of-cultural-heritage/>

1. Mention the **four** principle elements of culture.

(8)

2. Why do you think that social norms contribute towards social cohesion? Give an example.

(6)

3. Do you think that norms and values change over time? Give an example.

(6)

4. What is a multicultural society?

(4)

5. Do you think Malta is a multicultural society? Why?

(5)

6. Mention **three** advantages of a multicultural society.

(6)

(35 marks)

Section D: Write a paragraph of around 130 words about ONE of the following topics.

1. As a member of the local community, what values and duties do I hold and practise?
2. Some Maltese traditions are linked to religious and non-religious occasions, family celebrations and sports events. Give examples and say why they help in maintaining social cohesion.
3. During the socialisation process, we learn values and norms. Explain the difference between them and how they change from time to time by giving examples.

(25 marks)

[illegible]

Total: 100 marks